

# The Middle-Management Disconnect

## A One-Page Diagnostic for Protecting Gross Margin Targets

**EXECUTIVE QUESTION** *Are our managers making locally rational decisions that unintentionally work against the gross margin targets and enterprise economics we expect them to protect?*

**Core Signal:** *Local rationality can become enterprise irrationality when the metric a manager is optimizing loses line of sight to the economics of the enterprise. Closing that gap requires designed intervention — not simply more incentives, more financial information, or more training.*

### 1 • RECOGNIZE THE SIGNAL — WARNING SIGNS WORTH A LOOK

- ☐ Discounting, terms, or concessions cluster in the days before a quota or period deadline.
- ☐ A team's local number improves while cost, inventory, freight, rework, or risk shows up elsewhere in the business.
- ☐ Price increases are avoided even when the underlying economics support them.
- ☐ Sales or volume forecasts run consistently optimistic, especially for items expensive to hold in inventory.
- ☐ A vendor, program, or approach stays in place mainly because of what has already been invested in it.
- ☐ A single operational score — delivery, utilization, quality — is protected even as its true cost rises elsewhere.
- ☐ Maintenance, upgrades, or fixes get pushed to “next quarter” whenever budgets tighten.
- ☐ Unfavorable performance information tends to surface later than when people closest to it first noticed it.

### 2 • TEST WHERE LINE OF SIGHT MAY BE BREAKING

- ☐ Can the manager see the downstream financial consequence of this decision before committing to it — or only after it appears in next month's report?
- ☐ Does the local metric reward one result while quietly excluding the cost it shifts elsewhere?
- ☐ Does the manager have real authority and information over the outcome this metric is meant to represent?
- ☐ Would broadening this person's incentive to a number they cannot meaningfully influence actually help — or just blur accountability further?

### 3 • EVIDENCE TO ASSEMBLE BEFORE CONCLUDING ANYTHING

- ☐ Local KPI results next to the downstream financial outcome that KPI is meant to protect.
- ☐ Discount or concession patterns compared against quota or target timing.
- ☐ Recent forecast assumptions compared against what actually happened.
- ☐ How early the operating issue was visible internally versus when it appeared in financial reporting.

**AVOID THIS MISTAKE** Don't assume the fix is automatically broader incentives, more dashboards, or more training. Broader incentives can weaken effort when a manager lacks real control over the outcome; information alone does not reliably change behavior; training only produces lasting results when it changes daily practice and is reinforced afterward.

### LEAVE THE MEETING WITH A CLEAR NEXT STEP

Which line-of-sight break should we investigate first — and who owns the evidence review?

**Owner:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Review by:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Source:** SignalJournal Research: *The Middle-Management Disconnect: How Mid-Level Incentives Quietly Defeat Corporate Gross Margin Targets*  
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